

in food, bring in medicine to the displaced villagers. We work in my office with a number of groups, one of them called Rescue Task Force, which has built medical centers around the world and brought in food and medicine in many very difficult situations.

I'd like to offer to work with the gentleman with this nongovernmental organization, Rescue Task Force, and others to bring in food and medicine to that particular location. Let's see if we can't maybe help lead out by getting some NGOs to start using this particular airfield. And I'll be happy to join the gentleman; I know Mr. SAXTON will be happy to join in this, Mr. WOLF and others.

Let's get a letter, maybe a meeting with the State Department, with the administration, see if we can't get this review of this airfield immediately and start getting some supplies into it, and maybe we can lead the world, the humanitarian world, as Americans, as we do so often, in moving supplies into the airfield that you have identified.

So I support this very, very strongly. And I didn't know if Mr. SAXTON wanted to involve himself in this discussion, but I know he wants to help here, too. If the gentleman would take me up on that offer, and if he's got a nongovernmental organization in mind, let's move out on this one. It looks like an excellent, excellent opportunity for co-operating and helping.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back my time. Mr. ISRAEL. Mr. Chairman, I yield 2 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON-LEE).

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Chairman, I thank the distinguished gentleman from New York (Mr. ISRAEL) for yielding and thank you for the leadership given.

We join you and we thank Congresswoman BARBARA LEE as well. We have been working, Congressman PAYNE, members of the Congressional Black Caucus, and this entire caucus have been working on this issue, and want to thank you for, I think, what is a holistic, bipartisan approach.

I would call it an undiscovered airfield, but it is not. Obviously, it is an airfield that represents a strategic location for the goals of your amendment.

I think it's important to note that the slaughter still continues in Darfur; the slaughter still continues in Sudan. And I was told just recently, and I appreciate the Save Darfur Coalition that we have all worked with that repeatedly come to your offices and tell you that the slaughter still goes on, that humanitarian workers have also been put in jeopardy.

Women who are trying to get firewood, and isn't it a simple task? And many of us don't understand, they are still getting firewood, and that is, women who are leaving villages, even in Chad, where I have gone to the refugee camps, women will leave those refugee camps to get, if you will, the firewood for their income, for their sur-

vival, and will be raped and sometimes beaten as they go to do that.

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To have a place for the humanitarian workers and the airlift that is necessary, both in Darfur and also in other regions of Sudan, can be lifesaving.

I hope, as the ranking member of the full committee indicated his interest of collaboration, that we too can collaborate and work with you and work with this final solution. I like to call it final, because, as you well know, the deaths are peaking.

I want to say to the ranking member, Mr. HUNTER, as I also thank the chairman of the full committee, because this is a unique amendment. Both of you, of course, had to agree on the uniqueness of this amendment.

But the idea of it is that humanitarian workers are not safe. Therefore, it is important for those humanitarian workers to be safe. I simply say this is an excellent amendment. I thank you, and I encourage everyone to support and vote for this amendment in order to save lives in the Sudan.

Mr. ISRAEL. Mr. Chairman, I will wrap up. We have heard this evening that this resolution enjoys bipartisan support and support with Members with different ideologies.

The cosponsor of this amendment, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. LEE), and I have different ideologies. I tend to lean to the right on national security issues, she tends to lean to the left. But we are united in sending a message around the world that we will not allow genocide to occur.

After the Holocaust, the world embraced the slogan, "Never Again." What this resolution does is say that we will explore every option to keep our promise to that slogan so that it is not just words.

I also want to point out that the resolution, in addition to having the support of the distinguished ranking member of the House Armed Services Committee, Republicans and Democrats, also was supported by Citizens for Global Slogans, Enough, the Project to Abolish Genocide and Mass Atrocities, the Genocide Intervention Network, the Save Darfur Coalition and the Truman National Security Project. This is something that we can all agree on. I am grateful to the chairman of the Armed Services Committee.

Mr. HUNTER. Would the gentleman yield?

Mr. ISRAEL. I will yield to my friend.

Mr. HUNTER. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Let me offer we have these great nongovernmental organizations, we have a lot of people who have been displaced and abused in Darfur. They desperately need food and medicine. I will commit to the gentleman that we will try to work with these NGOs that we know of and let's try to work together in a partnership and try to get a plane load of supplies into that airfield or another

one by the first of July. That's a little more than a month from now.

Let's work together. We will start working today to try to get this done. Let's prod the good old State Department and DOD to get out there and survey that airfield.

Mr. ISRAEL. Reclaiming my time, I appreciate the gentleman's exuberance. I certainly will work with him and with the chairman of the Armed Services Committee to work on a truly bipartisan effort that genocide will not be tolerated, and we will explore every option and push every button we need to.

I thank the gentleman. We will work with him.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment of the gentleman from New York (Mr. ISRAEL).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENTS EN BLOC NO. 2 OFFERED BY MR. SKELTON

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Chairman, I offer amendments en bloc.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will designate the amendments en bloc.

Amendments en bloc consisting of amendments numbered 2, 3, 6, 12, 13, 22, 23, 24, 25, 39, 44, 45 and 46 printed in House Report 110-151 offered by Mr. SKELTON:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 OFFERED BY MR. SAXTON

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of title X, add the following new section (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

SEC. 1055. BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS REQUIRED FOR CIVILIANS ENTERING MILITARY FACILITIES AND INSTALLATIONS.

(a) BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 80 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§1567. Civilian entry to military installations or facilities: background investigation required

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Any unescorted civilian seeking access to a military installation or facility, or any civilian who is an employee of a contractor or vendor of a military installation or facility, may not be allowed to enter the installation or facility unless a background investigation has been conducted on such individual in accordance with subsection (b).

“(b) BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION.—A background investigation required under this section—

“(1) shall be conducted by the Department of Defense through the National Crime Information Center of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

“(2) shall verify the citizenship of the individual and make every effort to verify the individual's true identity; and

“(3) shall determine whether there is an outstanding warrant for the individual's arrest and whether the individual is on a terrorist watch list.

“(c) EXEMPTION FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE IDENTIFICATION CARD HOLDERS.—The requirement for a background investigation under this section shall not apply to individuals possessing a valid Department of Defense identification card.

“(d) WAIVER FOR COMMUNITY EVENTS.—The base commander of a military installation or facility may waive the requirement for a